

**REMARKS**

By this Amendment the insertion previously proposed to page 6, line 20 of the specification has been corrected.

In the outstanding final Office Action the examiner has objected to the Amendment filed July 26, 2007 because the added phrase "an astable timer having a duty cycle which is controlled by output voltage and adjusted by input voltage" is new matter.

This objection is incorrect and should be withdrawn. Fig. 2 identifies the use of an "NE556" circuit in the inventive control unit, and such circuitry is well known as an astable timer (see attached Fairchild Semiconductor brochure). The fact that it is controlled by output voltage and adjusted by input voltage is obvious.

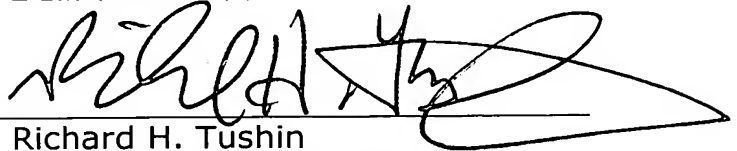
The examiner has again rejected claims 1, 2, 5 and 6 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bastholm et al. in view of Weimer et al., and again stated that claims 3 and 4 contain allowable subject matter.

The inventor continues to assert no combination of Bastholm et al.  
and Weimer et al would suggest use of an astable time with duty cycle as  
defined in claims 1, 5 and 6. All of claims 1-6 should be allowed.

Respectfully submitted,

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By:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Richard H. Tushin', written over a horizontal line.

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# LM556/NE556

## Dual Timer

### Features

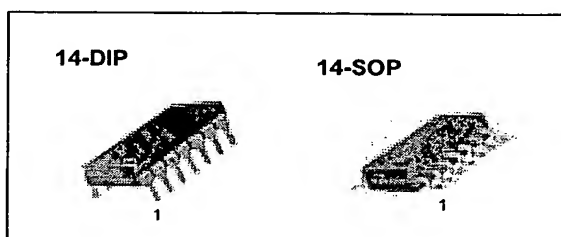
- Replaces Two LM555/NE555 Timers
- Operates in Both Astable And Monostable Modes
- High Output Current
- TTL Compatible
- Timing From Microsecond To Hours
- Adjustable Duty Cycle
- Temperature Stability Of 0.005% Per °C

### Applications

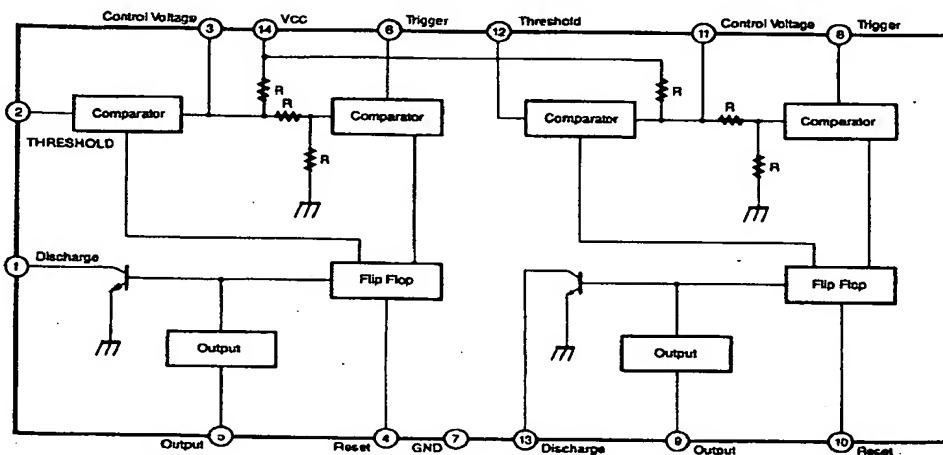
- Precision Timing
- Pulse Shaping
- Pulse Width Modulation
- Frequency Division
- Traffic Light Control
- Sequential Timing
- Pulse Generator
- Time Delay Generator
- Touch Tone Encoder
- Tone Burst Generator

### Description

The LM556/NE556 series dual monolithic timing circuits are a highly stable controller capable of producing accurate time delays or oscillation. The LM556/NE556 is a dual LM555. Timing is provided an external resistor and capacitor for each timing function. The two timers operate independently of each other, sharing only VCC and ground. The circuits may be triggered and reset on falling waveforms. The output structures may sink or source 200mA.



### Internal Block Diagram



**Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )**

| Parameter                                  | Symbol | Value        | Unit             |
|--|--------|--------------|------------------|
| Supply Voltage                             | VCC    | 16           | V                |
| Lead Temperature (soldering 10sec)         | TLEAD  | 300          | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Power Dissipation                          | PD     | 600          | mW               |
| Operating Temperature Range<br>LM556/NE556 | TOPR   | 0 ~ + 70     | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature Range                  | TSTG   | - 65 ~ + 150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

## Electrical Characteristics

(TA = 25°C, VCC = 5 ~ 15V, unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter  | Symbol   | Conditions  | Min.  | Typ.                     | Max.                | Units              |
|--|--|---|-------|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| Supply Voltage   | VCC  | -   | 4.5   | -                        | 16                  | V                  |
| Supply Current *1(two timers)<br>(low state)   | ICC  | VCC = 5V, RL = ∞<br>VCC = 15V, RL = ∞                                       | -     | 5<br>16                  | 12<br>30            | mA<br>mA           |
| Timing Error *2(monostable)<br>Initial Accuracy<br>Drift with Temperature<br>Drift with Supply Voltage | ACCUR<br>$\Delta t/\Delta T$<br>$\Delta t/\Delta V_{CC}$ | RA = 2KΩ to 100KΩ<br>C = 0.1μF<br>T = 1.1RC                                 | -     | 0.75<br>50<br>0.1        | -                   | %<br>ppm/°C<br>%/V |
| Control Voltage  | VC   | VCC = 15V   | 9.0   | 10.0                     | 11.0                | V                  |
|  |  | VCC = 5V  | 2.6   | 3.33                     | 4.0                 | V                  |
| Threshold Voltage  | VTH  | VCC = 15V   | 8.8   | 10.0                     | 11.2                | V                  |
|  |  | VCC = 5V  | 2.4   | 3.33                     | 4.2                 | V                  |
| Threshold Current*3  | ITH  | -   | -     | 30                       | 250                 | nA                 |
| Trigger Voltage  | VTR  | VCC = 15V   | 4.5   | 5.0                      | 5.6                 | V                  |
|  |  | VCC = 5V  | 1.1   | 1.6                      | 2.2                 | V                  |
| Trigger Current  | ITR  | VTR = 0V  | -     | 0.01                     | 2.0                 | μA                 |
| Reset Voltage*5  | VRST   | -   | 0.4   | 0.6                      | 1.0                 | V                  |
| Reset Current  | IRST   | -   | -     | 0.03                     | 0.6                 | mA                 |
| Low Output Voltage   | VOL  | VCC = 15V<br>ISINK = 10mA<br>ISINK = 50mA<br>ISINK = 100mA<br>ISINK = 200mA | -     | 0.1<br>0.4<br>2.0<br>2.5 | 0.25<br>0.75<br>3.2 | V                  |
|  |  | VCC = 5V<br>ISINK = 8mA<br>ISINK = 5mA                                      |       | 0.25<br>0.15             | 0.35<br>0.25        | V                  |
| High Output Voltage  | VOH  | VCC = 15V<br>ISOURCE = 200mA<br>ISOURCE = 100mA                             | 12.75 | 12.5<br>13.3             | -                   | V                  |
|  |  | VCC = 5V<br>ISOURCE = 100mA   | 2.75  | 3.3                      | -                   | V                  |
| Rise Time of Output  | tR   | -   | -     | 100                      | 300                 | ns                 |
| Fall Time of Output  | tF   | -   | -     | 100                      | 300                 | ns                 |
| Discharge Leakage Current  | ILKG   | -   | -     | 10                       | 100                 | nA                 |
| Matching Characteristics*4<br>Initial Accuracy<br>Drift with Temperature<br>Drift with Supply Voltage  | ACCUR<br>$\Delta t/\Delta T$<br>$\Delta t/\Delta V_{CC}$ | -   | -     | 1.0<br>10<br>0.2         | 2.0<br>0.5          | %<br>ppm/°C<br>%/V |
| Timing Error (astable)*2<br>Initial Accuracy<br>Drift with Temperature<br>Drift with Supply Voltage    | ACCUR<br>$\Delta t/\Delta T$<br>$\Delta t/\Delta V_{CC}$ | VCC = 15V<br>RA, RB = 1KΩ to 100KΩ<br>C = 0.1μF                             | -     | 2.25<br>150<br>0.3       | -                   | %<br>ppm/°C<br>%/V |

### Notes:

\*1. Supply current when output is high is typically 1.0mA less at VCC = 5V

\*2. Tested at VCC = 5V and VCC = 15V

\*3. This will determine the maximum value of RA + RB for 15V operation.

The maximum total R = 20MΩ, and for 5V operation the maximum total R = 6.6MΩ.

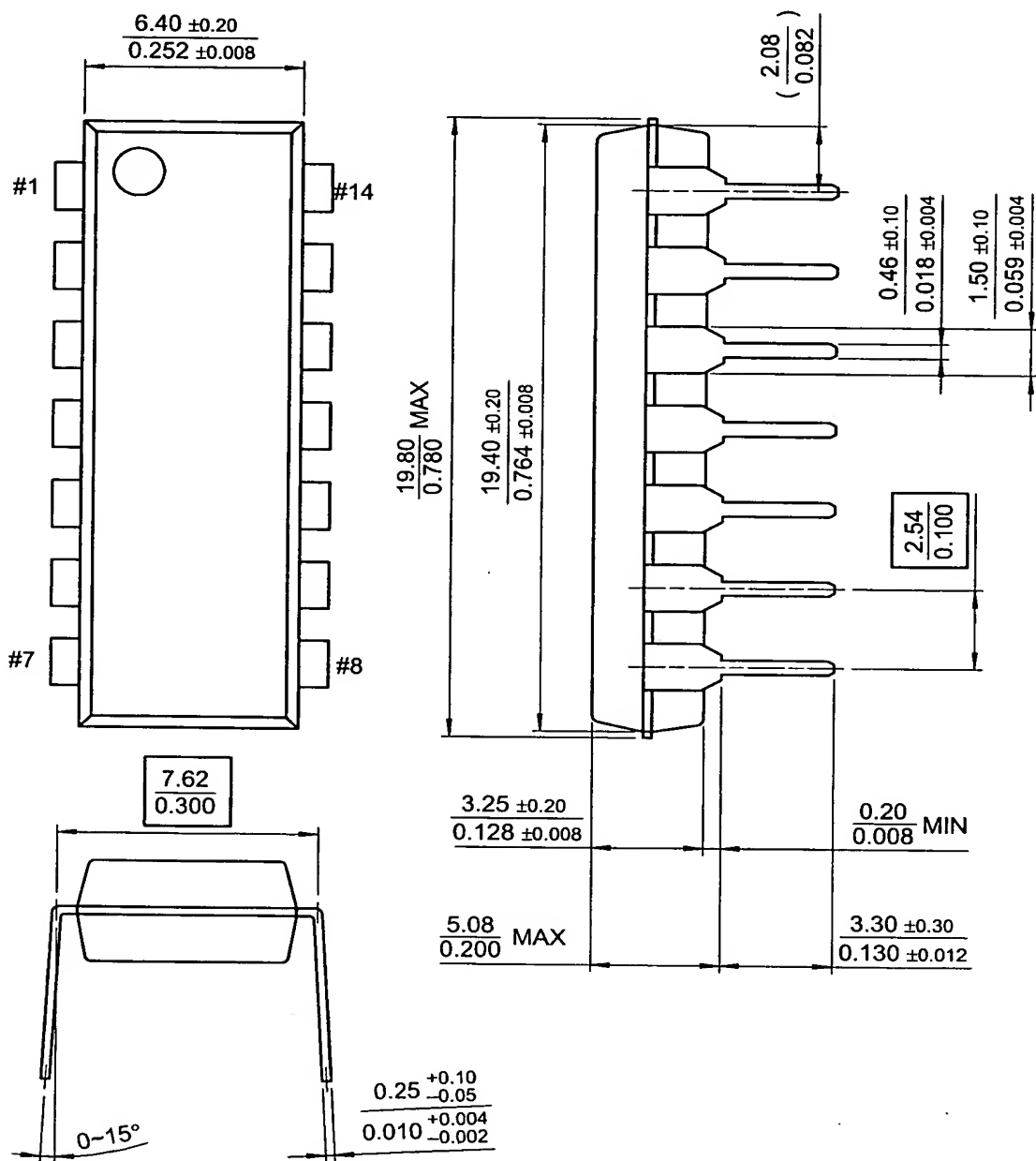
\*4. Matching characteristics refer to the difference between performance characteristics of each timer section in the monostable mode.

\*5. As reset voltage lowers, timing is inhibited and then the output goes low.

# Mechanical Dimensions

## Package

### 14-DIP





**Ordering Information**

| Product Number | Package | Operating Temperature |
|----------------|---------|-----------------------|
| LM556CN        | 14-DIP  | 0 ~ + 70°C            |
| LM556CM        | 14-SOP  |                       |
| NE556          | 14-DIP  |                       |
| NE556D         | 14-SOP  |                       |





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